

Solid Solution and Isotope Effects on the Properties of Boride Ceramics

William G. Fahrenholtz and Gregory E. Hilmas
Missouri University of Science and Technology

DMR 0906584

- The project goal is to investigate the effects of carbon content, metal solid solution additions, and boron isotope ratio on thermal properties of diboride ceramics
- Hypotheses being investigated
 - Can C-free diborides be synthesized?
 - What impacts do carbon and other impurities have on thermal properties?
 - Can thermal properties be improved?
 - Why do solid solution additions improve oxidation resistance?
 - Can thermal properties and oxidation resistance be improved simultaneously?
- Significant progress has been made on understanding the thermal properties for very low carbon contents and the effect of added carbon on carbon content

