Don't forget Silica



Garth Tayler Acme Brick

What we will cover

What does the final rule require?Where do we go from here?

Silica Promulgated

- Published on March 25, 2016
- Effective date: June 23, 2016
- Two rules:
 - General Manufacturing
 - Construction

Compliance time

General Manufacturing: June 23, 2018
Construction: June 23, 2017
Monitoring and planning needs to start NOW!

What do the Rules Look Like?

General manufacturing:
 Permissible Exposure Limit: 50 ug/m³
 Action Level: 25 ug/m³

Construction

- General manufacturing PEL/AL, OR
- Work Practice Tables

To Demonstrate Compliance with PEL/AL

Initial exposure assessment

- Reassessing exposure
- Define regulated areas
- Compliance plan

Initial Exposure Assessment

For each employee based on:
Air monitoring
"Objective data"
"Representative" sample of worst case exposure

Reassessing Exposure

- Scheduled monitoring frequency based on results of initial
- Must be reassessed with change in operation/process/controls/personnel/ot her factors that could "reasonably" be expected to change exposure

Define Regulated Areas

- Wherever exposure to RCS is or can reasonably be expected to be over PEL
- Must mark off areas in a manner that minimizes number of employees exposed
- Restrict access
- Provide respirators

Compliance Methods

- Engineering and work practice controls, unless you demonstrate that these are not feasible
- Written exposure control plan
- Respiratory protection
- Housekeeping restrictions

Medical Surveillance

- Required for all employees exposed above the AL
- Required by 2018 for employees exposed above PEL
- Free of charge
- Limits on information shared

Construction Rule-Key Points

- Separate Rule
- Compliance due June 23, 2017
- Can comply with work practice table rather than PEL-based requirements
- Written exposure plan must be implemented by competent person

Construction Rule

TABLE 1-SPECIFIED EXPOSURE CONTROL METHODS WHEN WORKING WITH MATERIALS CONTAINING CRYSTALLINE SILIC

Equipment/task	Engineering and work practice control methods	Required respiratory protection and minimum assigned protection factor (APF)	
		≤4 hours/shift	>4 hours/shi
(i) Stationary masonry saws	Use saw equipped with integrated water delivery system that con- tinuously feeds water to the blade. Operate and maintain tool in accordance with manufacturer's instruc- tions to minimize dust emissions.	None	None.
(ii) Handheld power saws (any blade diameter).	Use saw equipped with integrated water delivery system that con- tinuously feeds water to the blade. Operate and maintain tool in accordance with manufacturer's instruc- tions to minimize dust emissions:		
	When used outdoors When used indoors or in an enclosed area	None APF 10	
(iii) Handheld power saws for cut- ting fiber-cement board (with blade diameter of 8 inches or less).	For tasks performed outdoors only: Use saw equipped with commercially available dust collection sys- tem. Operate and maintain tool in accordance with manufacturer's instruc- tions to minimize dust emissions.	None.	None.
	Dust collector must provide the air flow recommended by the tool manufacturer, or greater, and have a filter with 99% or greater effi- ciency.		
(iv) Walk-behind saws	Use saw equipped with integrated water delivery system that con- tinuously feeds water to the blade. Operate and maintain tool in accordance with manufacturer's instruc-		
	tions to minimize dust emissions: —When used outdoors	None	
(v) Drivable saws	For tasks performed outdoors only: Use saw equipped with integrated water delivery system that con- tinuously feeds water to the blade.	None	None.

What is happening now?

Litigation

- Compliance
 - Preliminary assessment and planning
 - Hoping to work with OSHA on their manuals

One Company's Story

L. R.



(add contact info)

